Name

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ACCOUNTING 0452/03

Paper 3

October/November 2005

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper.

You may use a soft pencil for rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

If you have been given a label, look at the details. If any details are incorrect or missing, please fill in your correct details in the space given at the top of this page.

Stick your personal label here, if provided.

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
Total		

This document consists of **16** printed pages and **4** blank pages.

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		-
1		ria van Zyl is a trader. Her financial year ends on 31 July. She provides the following rmation.
		Wages outstanding at 1 August 2004 200 Total wages paid during the year ended 31 July 2005 61 300 Wages outstanding at 31 July 2005 180
	RE	QUIRED
	(a)	Write up the wages account as it would appear in Maria's ledger for the year ended 31 July 2005. Show the amount transferred to the Profit and Loss Account.
		Where a traditional 'T' account is used it should be balanced and the balance brought down on 1 August 2005.
		Where a three column running balance account is used the balance column should be up-dated after each entry.
		Maria van Zyl Wages account

Maria van Zyl maintains a provision for doubtful debts.

REQUIRED

(b) Name **two** accounting principles which Maria is applying by maintaining a provision for doubtful debts.

1	

2[2]

.....[6]

Maria van Zyl provides the following information.

\$ Debtors at 1 August 2004 33 000 Debtors at 31 July 2005 30 000

Maria maintains a provision for doubtful debts at 3% of the debtors at the end of each financial year.

REQUIRED

(c) Write up the provision for doubtful debts account in Maria's ledger for the year ended 31 July 2005.

Where a traditional 'T' account is used it should be balanced and the balance brought down on 1 August 2005.

Where a three column running balance account is used the balance column should be up-dated after each entry.

	Maria van Zyl Provision for Doubtful Debts account
	[7]
	k van Zyl, Maria's brother, is also a trader. His financial year ends on 31 August. Maria ises Mark to create a provision for doubtful debts.
REC	QUIRED
(d)	State two ways in which Mark could decide on the amount of his provision for doubtful debts.
	1
	2
	[2]

One of Mark's debtors owes \$2000. This has been outstanding since May 2002. Mark is unable to trace this debtor.

REQUIRED

3

- (e) Indicate how **each** of the following will be affected if Mark **does not** write off this debt. Give a reason for your answers. The first one has been completed as an example.
 - 1 Gross profit for the year ended 31 August 2005

Effect Overstated/Understated/ No effect

Reason Bad debts are not entered in the Trading Account and so do not affect the gross profit

2 Net profit for the year ended 31 August 2005

[Total: 21]

Question 2 is on the following page.

2 Abdul El Said is a retailer. His shop is divided into two departments. The total sales of Department A are less than those of Department B, despite the fact that Department A occupies 75% of the total floor space of the shop.

REQUIRED

(a)	Give two reasons why it is useful for Abdul to know the results of each department separately.
	1
	2
	[2]
Abd	ul El Said divides the general expenses equally between the two departments.
REC	QUIRED
(b)	State ${\bf two}$ other ways in which Abdul could apportion the expenses between the two departments.
	1
	2 [2]

Abdul provides the following information for the year ended 30 September 2005.

Department	Department
Α	В
\$	\$
250 000	375 000
167 200	320 200
1 800	_
1 000	_
26 000	8 600
30 000	10 000
27 600	19 100
20 400	20 400
	A \$ 250 000 167 200 1 800 1 000 26 000 30 000 27 600

REQUIRED

(c) Prepare a **columnar** Trading and Profit and Loss Account for Abdul El Said for the year ended 30 September 2005 to show the gross profit and net profit earned by each department.

Total columns are **not** required.

Abdul El Said

artmenta	al Trading a	and Profit	and Los	s Accou	nt for th	e year er	nded 30 S	Septemb	er 200

Abdul El Said is anxious to compare the rate at which each department is selling goods.

REQUIRED

(d)		Calculate, correct to two decimal places, the rate of stock turnover for each department. Show your workings.				
	1	Rate of stock turnover – Department A				
	2	Rate of stock turnover – Department B				
		[4]				
Abd	ul is	disappointed with the rate of stock turnover in Department A.				
REC	QUIR	RED				
(e)	Sug	gest two reasons for this lower rate.				
	1					
	2					
		[2]				
		[Total: 21]				

Question 3 is on the following page.

3 Rebecca Tan is a trader. Her financial year ends on 30 June. She does not keep many financial records, but is able to provide the following information.

Assets and liabilities at 30 June 2005 were as follows.

	\$
Equipment at cost	13 900
Motor vehicle at cost	7 500
Debtors	5 200
Creditors	4 800
Stock	7 250
Bank overdraft	250
Prepaid expenses	122
Accrued expenses	146

The following adjustments should be made on 30 June 2005.

The motor vehicle should be depreciated by 20% on cost.

The equipment should be revalued at \$12 700.

A provision for doubtful debts of 2% of the debtors should be created.

REQUIRED

(a) Draw up a Statement of Affairs for Rebecca Tan at 30 June 2005 showing the total capital at that date.

Candidates who are not familiar with a Statement of Affairs may present their answer in the form of a Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2005 showing the total capital at that date.

Rebecca Tan Statement of Affairs at 30 June 2005		
[13]		

On 1 July 2004 Rebecca Tan's capital was \$27 000.

On 2 July 2004 she introduced a further \$5000 as capital.

During the year ended 30 June 2005 Rebecca made the following drawings.

\$
Cash 3150
Goods 1250

REQUIRED

Your answer may be in the form of either a capital account or an arithmetic calculation.	Rebecca Tan's net profit (or net loss) for the year ended 30 June 2005.
	Your answer may be in the form of either a capital account or an arithmetic calculation.

(b) Using the capital you calculated in (a) and the information provided above calculate

[Total: 20]

4 Franz Fischer is a sole trader. His accountant has prepared a set of final accounts. The following people are interested in the accounts of Franz Fischer's business.

Franz Fischer (Owner)
Trade creditor
Loan creditor
Bank manager
Potential partner

REQUIRED

(a) Complete the following table to show which people would be especially interested in the different aspects of Franz Fischer's accounts.

The first one has been completed as an example.

Each of the five people listed above should **not** appear **more than twice** in Column B.

Column A	Column B
Whether interest can be paid when due	1 Bank manager
	2 Loan creditor
The profitability of the business	1
	2
The market value of the fixed assets owned by the business	1
	2
The liquidity position of the business	1
	2

[6]

The quality of the information in a set of final accounts determines how useful those accounts are.

REQUIRED

(b) State **four** ways in which the quality of information in Franz Fischer's final accounts can be measured.

The first one has been completed as an example.

1	Reliability	
2		
3		
4		[3

E Zwink is one of Franz Fischer's suppliers, but he is also a customer. Franz maintains two accounts for E Zwink – one in the purchases ledger and one in the sales ledger.

The following account appears in Franz Fischer's purchases ledger.

E Zwink account

2005	\$	2005	\$
August 12 Returns	50	August 4 Purchases	990
16 Bank	400	4 Carriage	10
28 Transfer to sales ledger	250		
31 Balance c/d	300		
	<u>1000</u>		<u>1000</u>
		2005	
		September 1 Balance b/d	300

For candidates who are not familiar with the layout of the account shown above, an alternative presentation is provided.

E Zwink account

	Debit	Credit	Balance
2005	\$	\$	\$
August 4 Purchases		990	990
Carriage		10	1000
12 Returns	50		950
16 Bank	400		550
28 Transfer to sales ledger	250		300

(c) Explain each entry in E Zwink's account as it appears in Franz Fischer's purchases

REQUIRED

ledger. Sta	ate where the double entry for each transaction would be made.
The first or	ne has been completed as an example.
August 4	Purchases
	Explanation This is the value of goods Fischer purchased on credit from Zwink.
	Double entry Debit Purchases account
August 4	Carriage
	Explanation
	Double entry
August 12	Returns
	Explanation
	Double entry
August 16	Bank
	Explanation
	Double entry
August 28	Transfer to sales ledger
	Explanation
	Double entry[8]
Explain the	e significance of the \$300 shown at the end of the account.
	[1]
	[Total: 18]

- 5 Ebor and Olicana are in partnership trading in sports goods. Their financial year ends on 31 July. After the preparation of their Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 July 2005 the following errors were discovered.
 - 1 Olicana had taken goods costing \$500 for her own use. This had not been recorded.
 - 2 \$15 paid for carriage inwards had been debited to the carriage outwards account.
 - 3 The purchase of computer paper, \$30, had been debited to the purchases account.
 - 4 Motor vehicle repairs of \$200 had been debited to the motor vehicles account. Motor vehicles are depreciated by 25% on the cost of motors held at the end of each financial year.

REQUIRED

(a) Complete the following table to show the effect of **correcting the errors** on the gross profit and the net profit. If the correction of the error does not affect the profit write 'no effect'.

The first one has been completed as an example.

Error		
	Effect of corre on the gross profit	cting the error on the net profit
1	+\$500	+\$500
2		
3		
4		

[7]

You may use the space below for your workings.

Ebor and Olicana maintain a full set of books of account.

The following transactions took place on 31 August 2005.

- 1 Olicana took further goods costing \$400 for her own use.
- 2 Ebor brought his own computer, valued at \$900, into the business.
- 3 Ebor's current account showed a credit balance of \$10 000. It was agreed that he should transfer half of this to his capital account.

REQUIRED

(b) Prepare the necessary journal entries to record the above transactions. Narratives **are** required.

Ebor and Olicana Journal

Debit \$	Credit \$

[Total: 20]

Ebor and Olicana have invited Lindum to join the partnership and have given him their final accounts for the year ended 31 July 2005.

Lindum is aware that these final accounts will not provide all the relevant information he needs.

REQUIRED

(c)

State and explain two limitations Lindum should be aware of when he is studying the set of final accounts Ebor and Olicana have provided.
1
2
[4

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